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Fulbright Suggests That Senate Force Kissinger to Testify

By FELIX BELAIR Jr.

Special to The New York Times WASHINGTON, Feb. 3-The chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee urged senators today to find a way to

force Henry A. Kissinger the President's adviser on national security to appear before his panel and testify on American

foreign policy

The chairman, Senator J. W. Fulbright of Arkansas, charged in the senate that Mr. Kissinger had been guilty of "an outregous abuse" of his White House position in saving at a private meeting last week that the Senate's initial rejection of the foreign aid authorization bill on Oct. 29 had been a fact in the suspension of secret negotiations between the Unit-ed States and North Vietnam in November.

"If we ask him to explain his statement to the Foreign Relations Committee," said Senator Fulbright, "he would say as he has in the past that he is not responsible to the Senate but only to the President."

Remarks Recalled

Senator Fulbright quoted from a dispatch in The New York Times relating how Mr. Kissinger made his remarks to a meeting of relatives of American prisoners of war last Friday

can prisoners of war last Friday at the White House.

Senator Fulbright addressed the Senate during its consideration of the \$2.16-billion foreign aid appropriation bill. This bill would actually provide the money that was earmarked in the foreign aid authorization bill approved by both Houses since the rejection vote of Oct. 29.

Senator Fulbright was initial

Senator Fulbright was joined by Senator Stuart Symington, Damocrat of Missouri, in labeling Mr. Kissinger's conclusion as "ridiculous" since the Senate on Nov. 10 and 11 approved separate foreign aid bills authorizing \$1.14-billion for economic aid and \$1.5-billion for military assistance.

military assistance.

Mr. Kissinger said Friday, according to the Times dispatch, that the Senate's unex-pected defeat of the measure o Oct. 29 might have led the North Vietnamese to suppose that United States economic support of the Saigon Government would be ended soon wi out any concessions by Hanoi in

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Senate Staff Prepares HYTIME 25 DA agon Paper Report

By Murrey Marder Washington Post Staff Writer

Staff members of the Senate (D-Ark.), has yet to schedule. Foreign Relations Commutee have completed the first three ing in early March, would be of a series of studies based on the first public inquiry based

preparation for anticipated eral indictment for unauthor-

hearings which the committee, | ized possession and disclosure headed by Sen. J. Fulbright of the documents.

The hearings, perhaps startthe Pentagon Papers tracing on the controversial 47-volume history of U.S. involvement in the Vietnamese war. The staff reports are in culatory. He is now under fed-

Senate aides acknowledged yesterday, in answer to inquir-ies, that three groups of stud-ies are now complete. They cover the early post-World War II period of American activity in Vietnam, including North Vietnamese leager Ho Minh's unrequited approaches to the United States; the first stages of U.S. involvement in Vietnam during the Kennedy administration, and a study of negotiating contacts during the Johnson administration about a peace settlement

The report on negotiations draws on the four most sensitive diplomatic volumes of the Pentagon Papers which have never been made public, it was said. Ellsberg has stated that he withheld these documents from the information he supplied to the press last year. After the disclosure of the Pentagon Papers, the Nixon administration sent full sets of all the secret documents to Congress, with security restrictions on their use.

A copy of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee staff report on U.S. negotiations was sent to the State Department about ten days ago for security clearance. This presumably will result in negotiations between the State Department and the committee over what portions of this report can be made public.

The studies by the committee staff are based on both the analysis of the war originally prepared in the Defense Department, and other materials in the public domain, staff members said. The ultimate number of reports to be completed in the committee's study is still undetermined.

Soth Tillman, a long-time consultant to the Foreign Relations Committee, is supervis-ing the staff studies which are being prepared by a young group of post-graduate politi-cal scientists-historians. They

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